THE SOUTHWEST CONNECTICUT ORGANIZING COMMITTEE O E M COUNCIL OF SPONSORS

FOR

THE CONNECTICUT ASSOCIATION FOR HUMAN SERVICES

REMARKS BY
WILLIAM S. WOODSIDE
PRESIDENT, PRIMERICA FOUNDATION

CHAMPION INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
STAMFORD, CT
JUNE 22, 1988

I. INTRODUCTION AND PRAISE FOR CANS

O ALTHOUGH I HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED A
TOPIC TO SPEAK ABOUT, AND I HAVE
NOT BEEN ASKED OR PROGRAMMED TO DO
A COMMERCIAL FOR CAB, I WANT TO
BEGIN THIS AFTERNOON WITH SOME
WORDS OF ADMIRATION FOR THE WORK
OF THIS ORGANIZATION AND FOR THE
LEADERSHIP PROVIDED TO IT BY MATTHEW
MELMED.

-5:4-4J/65

O I FIRST REALLY BECAME AWARE OF

CAHS WITH THE PUBLICATION OF

"GROWING UP AT RISK IN CONNECTICUT."
THIS REPORT OFFERED ONE OF THE

MOST VIVID PORTRAITS OF POVERTY'S

IMPACT WITHIN A SINGLE STATE THAT

I CAN REMEMBER.

O I ALSO RECALL BEING VERY IMPRESSED
BY A 1986 REPORT CAHS DID ON LOW
BIRTHWEIGHT BABIES AND INFANT
MORTALITY IN CONNECTICUT. ENTITLED,
"Too LITTLE, TOO LATE, THE REPORT
WAS A POWERFUL REMINDER OF THE
URGENCY WHICH MUST UNDERSCORE OUR
EFFORTS TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE PRENATAL CARE TO LOW INCOME PREGNANT
WOMEN.

O AND MOST RECENTLY, WORKING WITH
THE SUPPORT OF THE PRIMERICA
FOUNDATION, CAM HAS DEVELOPED A
FIRST EVER, RELIABLE, ACCURATE,
LOW COST, SIMPLE TO USE, COMMUNITY
BASED SURVEY TO MEASURE THE EXTENT
OF CHILDHOOD HUNGER ON A
NEIGHBORHOOD-BY-NEIGHBORHOOD

BASIS. THE RELEASE OF THE PILOT TEST
STUDY IN NEW HAVEN LAST FALL HAD
QUICK AND STUNNING IMPACT.

BY DOCUMENTING THE EXTENT OF
CHILDHOOD HUNGER IN THE "HILL"
SECTION OF NEW HAVEN (18 PERCENT
OF KIDS HUNGRY SOMETIME DURING ANY
GIVEN MONTH AND AN ADDITIONAL
SEVEN PERCENT AT SERIOUS RISK.)
CAB WAS INSTRUMENTAL IN FINALLY
GETTING - AFTER SOME 15 YEARS OF
RESISTANCE - THE CITY OF NEW HAVEN
AND ITS SCHOOL SYSTEM TO ADOPT A
SCHOOL BREAKFAST PROGRAM FOR
DISADVANTAGED CHILDREN.

70;47—q-

THE SURVEY INSTRUMENT WHICH CAHS

WORKED LONG AND HARD TO DEVELOP AND REFINE WILL NOW BE FIELD TESTED

ACROSS THE COUNTRY. IT HAS

SIGNIFICANT POTENTIAL TO PROVIDE MUCH NEEDED DATA ABOUT CHILDHOOD HUNGER.

AND, AS EVIDENCED IN NEW HAVEN, SUCH DATA
CAN BE A COMPELLING FACTOR IN ROUSING A
SOMETIMES SOMNAMBULENT PUBLIC TO
CONDITIONS OF CHILDHOOD POVERTY WHICH ARE
SIMPLY WRONG AND UNACCEPTABLE.

O IN SUM, AND IN SUBSTANCE, CAHS HAS

DEMONSTRATED OVER AND OVER AGAIN

ITS EFFECTIVENESS AND ITS

LEADERSHIP. AND MORE THAN THAT,

CAHS HAS BEEN A PERSUASIVE

CONSCIENCE, REMINDING US OF THE

TRAGIC ISLANDS OF UNATTENDED

POVERTY WHICH PERSIST IN A WORLD

INCREASINGLY FOCUSED ON SELF-GAIN.

II. I HAVE BEEN ASKED TO TALK TO YOU

TODAY IN A GENERAL WAY ABOUT THE
PROBLEMS OF POVERTY IN AMERICA. PERHAPS
THE BEST WAY TO BEGIN IS BY SHARING SOME
DATA WITH YOU. I HAVE ORGANIZED THIS
DATA, BRIEFLY, INTO THREE GENERAL
AREAS.

A. POVERTY IS WIDESPREAD

DESPITE THE ECONOMIC RECOVERY OF THE PAST SEVERAL YEARS, IT IS IMPORTANT TO REMEMBER, THAT A LARGE NUMBER OF AMERICANS DID NOT SHARE IN THE BENEFITS.

0 32.4 MILLION AMERICANS - 13.6

PERCENT OF OUR POPULATION - LIVED

BELOW THE POVERTY LINE IN 1986.

- O 12.7 MILLION AMERICANS SUBSISTED
 ON INCOMES MORE THAN ONE-HALF
 BELOW THE POVERTY LINE IN 1986.
- O THE POVERTY RATE FOR BLACK

 AMERICANS IN 1986 WAS 31.1

 PERCENT. THE 1986 POVERTY RATE

 FOR HISPANICS WAS 27.3 PERCENT.

THE MOST FRIGHTENING PART ABOUT

NUMBERS SUCH AS THESE IS THAT THEY

ARE PERSISTING DURING A PERIOD OF

GROWTH AND PROSPERITY. IT SUGGESTS 4*/

THAT THE NEXT RECESSION COULD BE A

REAL WHOPPER

WITH RESPECT TO POVERTY.

- B. THE SECOND POINT I WANT TO MAKE IS

 THAT THE GAP BETWEEN RICH AND POOR IN

 THIS COUNTRY CONTINUES TO GROW.
 - O IN 1986 THE GAP BETWEEN RICH AND POOR FAMILIES REACHED ITS WIDEST POINT IN THE 40 YEARS SINCE THE CENSUS BUREAU BEGAN COLLECTING SUCH DATA IN 1947.

O IN

1986 THE WEALTHIEST 20 PERCENT OF
AMERICAN FAMILIES RECEIVED 43.7
PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL FAMILY
INCOME, THE HIGHEST PERCENTAGE
RECORDED.

O IN 1986 THE POOREST 40 PERCENT OF

AMERICAN FAMILIES RECEIVED 15.4

PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL FAMILY

INCOME, THE LOWEST PERCENTAGE EVER

RECORDED.

THIS COMBINATION OF WIDESPREAD, PERSISTENT POVERTY AND AN EVER GROWING GAP BETWEEN RICH AND POOR MAKE IT ABUNDANTLY CLEAR THAT WE RUN THE RISK OF BEING A SOCIETY WITH A PERMANENT AND GROWING UNDERCLASS, A SOCIETY IN WHICH INCREASING NUMBERS OF PEOPLE HAVE NO ROLE, AND WITH WHICH THEY FEEL NO IDENTITY OR CONNECTION, A SOCIETY IN WHICH IT WILL BE INCREASINGLY DIFFICULT FOR DEMOCRATIC INSTITUTIONS AND PROCESSES TO FUNCTION EFFECTIVELY.

THE ISSUE OF A TWO TIERED SOCIETY. BY-THE-WAY, IS PARTICULARLY SALIENT IN THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT WHICH DESPITE ITS RANKING AS THE STATE WITH THE HIGHEST PER CAPITA INCOME IS ALSO HOME TO SOME OF THE POOREST CITIES IN THE NATION. RATHER THAN WISHING THIS ISSUE AWAY, THE STATE WOULD DO WELL TO TACKLE IT HEAD ON AND OPENLY. A GOOD WAY TO BEGIN MIGHT BE WITH THE CREATION OF A STATE COMMISSION TO REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATURE ON THE PROBLEMS OF POVERTY IN CONNECTICUT AND WHAT THE STATE CAN DO TO RESPOND MORE EFFECTIVELY.

C. FINALLY I WOULD LIKE TO TALK TO YOU A LITTLE ABOUT CHILDHOOD POVERTY.
AGAIN LET ME START OFF WITH A BRIEF
LITANY OF DEPRESSING STATISTICS.

adas;e-

O THE 1986 CHILDHOOD POVERTY RATE

WAS 20.5 PERCENT; THE POVERTY RATE

FOR BLACK CHILDREN IN 1986 WAS A

STUNNING 43 PERCENT; FOR HISPANIC

CHILDREN IT WAS 27.3 PERCENT.

- O OF EVERY HUNDRED CHILDREN BORN IN AMERICA VS
 - 13 WILL BE BORN TO A TEENAGE
 MOTHER
 - 15 WILL BE BORN INTO A
 HOUSEHOLD WHERE NO PARENT IS
 EMPLOYED

- 15 WILL BE BORN INTO A

 HOUSEHOLD WITH A WORKING PARENT
 EARNING A BELOW POVERTY WAGE
- 25 WILL BE ON WELFARE AT SOME POINT PRIOR TO ADULTHOOD.
- O A CHILD OF A POOR BLACK WOMAN BORN 741/
 IN 'WINNER CITY OF THE UNITED

 STATES OF AMERICA HAS LESS OF A

 CHANCE OF LIVING TO THE FIRST YEAR

 OF LIFE THAN A BABY BORN IN COSTA

 RICA.

A RECENT PUBLICATION OF THE CHILDREN'S DEFENSE FUND CONTAINS SOME 1985
STATISTICS FOR CONNECTICUT.

- O OF THE 756,000 CHILDREN UNDER THE

 AGE OF EIGHTEEN, 110,000 OR 14.5

 PERCENT WERE LIVING IN POVERTY
- 0 39,000 CHILDREN UNDER THE AGE OF
 FIVE OR 19 PERCENT OF THE
 CHILDREN IN CONNECTICUT UNDER THE
 AGE OF FIVE WERE LIVING IN
 POVERTY

O 35 PERCENT OF THE STATE'S BLACK
CHILDREN AND 62 PERCENT OF THE
HISPANIC CHILDREN IN CONNECTICUT
LIVE IN CONDITIONS OF POVERTY.

WHILE THESE FIGURES AND OTHERS

COMPARE FAVORABLY WITH THE NATIONAL

NORMS - WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE

HISPANIC POPULATION - THEY ARE C; p4k'1-(

NOTHING TO WRITE HOME ABOUT, NOTHING

TO BE PARTICULARLY PROUD OF.

THESE FIGURES OUGHT TO PROVOKE AN OUTCRY. I AM MYSTIFIED AS TO WHY THEY DON'T. IS IT BECAUSE WE ARE UNAWARE OF THEM? IS IT BECAUSE WE DON'T WANT TO BE AWARE OF THEM? IS IT BECAUSE WE DON'T KNOW HOW TO RESPOND?

_fflitX11-,

WHAT WE NEED MOST OF ALL IS SOMETHING
WE NEVER HAVE REALLY HAD IN THIS
COUNTRY: A SERIOUS NATIONAL EFFORT
TO ACTUALLY IMPROVE THE SOCIAL AND
ECONOMIC STATUS OF CHILDREN INSTEAD
OF JUST TALKING ABOUT IT.

AMONG THE ITEMS I WOULD LIST ON THIS

AGENDA INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED

TO:

- 1. ENDING CHILDHOOD HUNGER IN AMERICA
- 2. FULL PARTICIPATION IN THE WIC PROGRAM AND SIMILAR STATE PROGRAMS.
- 3. ACCESS TO PRENATAL CARE.

- 4. EFFECTIVE TEENAGE PREGNANCY
 PREVENTION PROGRAMS (IF MARION
 WRIGHT EDELMAN WAS HERE TODAY, SHE
 WOULD REMIND YOU THAT TODAY 40
 TEEN-AGED GIRLS WILL BE GIVING
 BIRTH TO THEIR THIRD CHILD.)
- 5. EXPANDING HEAD START AND CHAPTER
 ONE TO ALL ELIGIBLE CHILDREN.

- 6. MAKING QUALITY DAY CARE ACCESSIBLE
 TO CHILDREN OF PARENTS WHO MUST
 WORK.
- 7. IMMUNIZING EVERY CHILD AGAINST INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

THIRTY-NINE THOUSAND CHILDREN UNDER
THE AGE OF FIVE IN CONNECTICUT ARE
LIVING IN CONDITIONS OF POVERTY.
THESE ARE THE YEARS WHEN THE BASIC
FOUNDATION IS DEVELOPED FOR ALL THE
PHYSICAL, INTELLECTUAL AND EMOTIONAL
GROWTH THAT WILL OCCUR IN LATER
YEARS.

IF A CHILD DOES NOT GROW AS TALL AS HE OR SHE MIGHT HAVE UNDER BETTER CONDITIONS, WE CANNOT GIVE BACK TO THAT CHILD THE HEIGHT THAT WAS LOST. WE CANNOT GIVE BACK THE BRAIN CELLS THAT FAILED TO DEVELOP BECAUSE OF INADEQUATE NUTRITION. WE CANNOT GIVE BACK THE EMOTIONAL SUSTENANCE THEY MISSED OR THE SENSE OF PERSONAL WORTH THEY SHOULD HAVE RECEIVED. WHATEVER IS LOST DURING THESE YEARS IS LOST FOREVER. IT CANNOT BE REPLACED.

WE HAVE TO DO BETTER AND WE BETTER DO SO QUICKLY. FOR OUR GOOD ... AND THE GOOD OF OUR CHILDREN.

THANK YOU.